# Predictors of drug type and sexualized use in men who have sex with men (MSM) and transgender people in France

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### **Background**

Chemsex: Use of psychoactive drugs in a sexual context.

Recent mediatic attention

 Healthcare professionals are helpless: "There is an explosion of chemsex in France" (Charente Libre)

**«IL Y A UNE EXPLOSION DU CHEMSEX EN** FRANCE»: LES PROFESSIONNELS DE SANTÉ DÉMUNIS FACE À CETTE PRATIQUE QUI ALLIE DROGUES ET SEXE À OUTRANCE



- Drugs involved: wide range of substances ≠ poppers or cannabis (Léobon, Dussault, & Otis, 2018; Maxwell, Shahmanesh, & Gafos, 2019; Scholz-Hehn et al., 2022)
- Quantitative data is lacking in France

#### **Objective**

Investigate predictors of sexualized use of uncommon drugs by comparing 3 groups, in a sample of MSM and trans people.

#### Methods

Net Gay Barometer, 2018: 10,853 online French participants  $\rightarrow$  3,563 drug users (32.8%)

**Common drugs:** cannabis, poppers, Viagra

• **Group 1**: Exclusive users of common drugs  $\rightarrow$ n=1,796 (50.4%) [reference group]

**Uncommon drugs:** cocaine, amphetamines, MDMA, methamphetamines, cathinones, GHB/GBL, opioids, etc.

**Group 2**: At least one uncommon drug in the past year, no sexual context  $\rightarrow$  n=887 (24.3%) • Group 3: At least one uncommon drug in the past year, in a sexual context at least once → n=880 (24.1%)

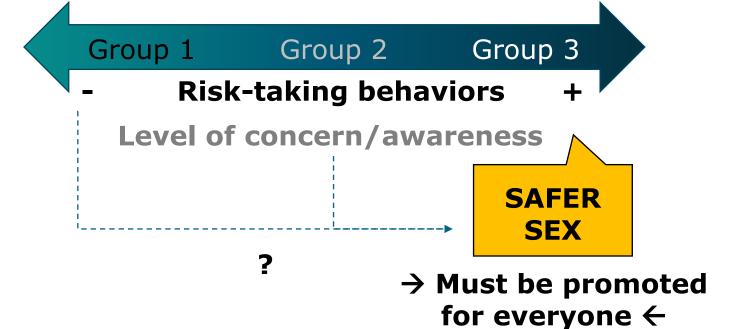
### Results

Multivariate regression model (Table 1) explained 50,9% (Cox and Snell's R<sup>2</sup>) of variance between groups.

Controlling for sociodemographic variables:

- Professional status:
  - Group 2 → + self-employed (aOR=1.69);
  - Group 3 → retired (aOR=0.18) or fulltime student (aOR=0.59)
- Residence in Paris region:
  - Group 2 & 3  $\rightarrow$  + Paris region (aOR=1.59-2.02)
- Residence area:
- Group 3  $\rightarrow$  suburban (aOR=0.68) or rural (aOR=0.46) • Birth country:
- Group 3 → + born outside of France
- (aOR=1.84)Website of origin:
- Group 2 → general MSM dating websites (aOR = 0.71)
- Gender identity:
  - Group 2 → + non-binary people (aOR=2.21);
- Group  $3 \rightarrow$  + trans women (aOR=4.54)
- Sexual orientation:
- Group  $2 \rightarrow$  + other than gay or bisexual orientation (aOR=1.62)
- Group 3 → bisexual orientation (aOR = 0.48)

### Conclusions



## References

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Léobon, A., Dussault, É., & Otis, J. (2018). « Chemsex » chez des hommes français ayant des relations sexuelles avec des hommes. Drogues, Santé et Société, 17(2), 53-75. https://doi.org/10.7202/1062116ar Maxwell, S., Shahmanesh, M., & Gafos, M. (2019). Chemsex behaviours among men who have sex with men: A systematic review of the literature. International Journal of Drug Policy, 63, 74–89. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.drugpo.2018.11.014 Scholz-Hehn, A. D., Milin, S., Schulte, B., Reimer, J., Buth, S., & Schäfer, I. (2022). Substance Use and Chemsex in MSM - A Latent Class Analysis. Journal of Drug Issues, 52(1), 83–96.

Table 1. Multinomial logistic regression model of sexualized and non-sexualized context of uncommon drug use compared with exclusive use of common drugs (Net Gay Barometer 2018) Group 2: Users of uncommon drugs Group 3: Users of uncommon drugs in Group 1: Users of Total outside of a sexual context a sexual context common drugs (N=3563)exclusively (N=887)(N=880)(N=1796)Freq. or M aOR aOR Freq. or *M* aOR Freq. or M Freq. or M (SD)(SD)(SD)(SD)(95%CI) (95%CI) Poly-drug use (2+ on the same occasion) N=3563 N=1796 1.000 N=887 N=880 < 0.001 18.5% 2.544 (2.016-3.211)\*\*\* Yes 37.0% 45.7% 66.0% 4.144 (3.158-5.437)\*\*\* 63.0% 81.5% 34.0% 54.3% 1.000 1.000 Addiction concerns: Drug use N=3552 N=1794 1.000 N=872 N=886 < 0.001 Very concerned 3.1% 4.857 (2.177-10.836)\*\*\* 6.5% 6.778 (2.855-16.095)\*\*\* 1.1% 4.0% Quite concerned 8.4% 3.753 (2.418-5.826)\*\*\* 13.5% 2.693 (1.607-4.511)\*\*\* 4.0% 12.1% Not very concerned 13.5% 8.6% 18.7% 2.498 (1.796-3.475)\*\*\* 18.3% 2.557 (1.704-3.838)\*\*\* Not concerned at all 23.3% 19.9% 24.5% 1.550 (1.197-2.007)\*\* 28.9% 2.169 (1.580-2.977)\*\*\* Did not experience this issue 51.7% 66.4% 40.7% 32.7% 1.000 1.000 5+ alcoholic drinks on the same occasion N=880 N=3561 < 0.001 N=1794 1.000 N=887 Everyday or almost everyday 2.1% 1.3% 2.6% 3.372 (1.440-7.897)\*\* 3.1% 2.113 (0.778-5.745) Several times a week 3.336 (2.129-5.227)\*\*\* 15.5% 11.5% 23.0% 16.1% 2.257 (1.347-3.781)\*\* Once a week 24.2% 21.0% 32.0% 2.533 (1.657-3.872)\*\*\* 23.1% 2.288 (1.425-3.672)\*\* Once a month 23.6% 1.531 (0.998-2.346) 1.914 (1.204-3.043)\*\* 20.9% 21.4% 26.0% Less than once a month 21.8% 25.5% 14.3% 1.240 (0.808-1.903) 21.8% 1.343 (0.855-2.108) Never 12.7% 14.6% 1.000 7.2% 14.5% 1.000 Mean frequency of mixed marginal sex practices N=3265 N=1581 N=815 N=869 < 0.001 (breeding, group sex, gangbang as a bottom) with 1.000 4.02 (3.67) 2.69 (2.78) 1.164 (1.106-1.225)\*\*\* 3.21 (3.28) 0.940 (0.896-0.986)\* 6.75 (3.67) casual male partners Barebacking in a drug use context at least 1x < 0.001 N=1796 N=3563 1.000 N=880 N=887 Yes 22.9% 11.4% 13.1% 0.997 (0.683-1.453) 56.4% 3.642 (2.406-5.513)\*\*\* 77.1% 88.6% 86.9% 1.000 1.000 43.6% Injected drugs N=3563 < 0.001 N=1796 1.000 N=887 N=880 10.214 (4.265-24.459)\*\*\* Yes 4.7% 0.6% 2.483 (0.993-6.212) 1.8% 16.1% No 95.3% 99.4% 98.2% 1.000 83.9% 1.000 Sexual health concerns: Risky sexual behaviors N=3550 < 0.001 N=1793 1.000 N=885 N=872 Very concerned 4.6% 5.8% 1.583 (1.006-2.489)\* 7.3% 0.888 (0.500-1.575) 6.8% Quite concerned 18.2% 17.2% 18.3% 1.203 (0.893-1.621) 20.0% 1.017 (0.694-1.492) Not very concerned 13.2% 10.1% 17.6% 2.411 (1.741-3.338)\*\*\* 14.9% 1.550 (1.015-2.366)\* Not concerned at all 1.372 (0.960-1.959) 21.4% 17.2% 16.2% 1.243 (0.914-1.692) 35.6% Did not experience this issue 41.4% 50.9% 41.1% 1.000 22.2% 1.000 Mean frequency of hard marginal sex practices N=3265 N=1581 N=815 N=869 < 0.001 1.000 (fisting, BDSM, urophilia, scatophilia) with casual 2.05 (2.61) 1.54 (2.25) 1.28 (1.96) 0.940 (0.883-1.001) 3.70 (3.00) 1.132 (1.068-1.199)\*\*\* male partners Sex in exchange for money, drugs, goods or < 0.001 1.000 N=1795 N=3561 N=886 N=880 services Often 2.6% 1.6% 1.1% 1.130 (0.435-2.937) 6.1% 4.021 (1.653-9.780)\*\* Sometimes 3.8% 5.3% 3.7% 9.9% 4.706 (2.445-9.059)\*\*\* 1.853 (0.992-3.461) Rarely 6.7% 5.3% 6.3% 1.693 (1.056-2.716)\* 10.0% 1.994 (1.167-3.409)\* No 85.4% 89.3% 88.8% 1.000 74.0% 1.000 Frequency of exchanges on mobile dating < 0.001 1.000 N=1796 N=3563 N=887 N=880 applications Many times a day 26.6% 23.1% 25.3% 1.210 (0.874-1.674) 35.1% 1.507 (1.002-2.266)\* Many times a week 27.8% 25.7% 27.6% 1.268 (0.933-1.723) 32.2% 2.220 (1.500-3.285)\*\*\* Many times a month 9.9% 10.5% 9.0% 0.836 (0.557-1.256) 9.5% 1.491 (0.882-2.521) Less than 1x/month or irregularly 10.4% 9.6% 15.1% 7.5% 2.159 (1.268-3.677)\*\* 1.505 (1.029-2.200)\* Does not use apps 25.3% 31.1% 23.0% 1.000 15.7% 1.000 Psychosocial concerns: Accepting sexual < 0.001 1.000 N=1794 N=3552 N=886 N=872 orientation 3.2% 0.570 (0.317-1.025) Very concerned 4.2% 2.9% 0.369 (0.140-0.975)\* 1.4% Quite concerned 7.2% 8.7% 6.2% 0.533 (0.352-0.806)\*\* 5.3% 0.543 (0.315-0.936)\* Not very concerned 6.8% 7.6% 7.4% 0.695 (0.461-1.049) 4.4% 0.551 (0.309-0.982)\* Not concerned at all 0.592 (0.416-0.843)\*\* 9.7% 7.9% 0.656 (0.417-1.031) 10.2% 11.5% Did not experience this issue 72.7% 68.1% 73.7% 81.1% 1.000 1.000 Condomless anal penetration with casual male 1.000 N=3563 N=1796 N=887 N=880 partners Always 9.1% 7.0% 4.6% 0.607 (0.350-1.053) 18.1% 0.495 (0.262-0.938)\* Often 15.3% 10.2% 0.814 (0.518-1.280) 9.2% 1.080 (0.630-1.852) 31.8% Sometimes 15.2% 13.5% 14.0% 0.765 (0.520-1.126) 1.011 (0.617-1.655) 19.8% Rarely 14.7% 14.8% 16.6% 0.784 (0.554-1.108) 1.472 (0.932-2.323) 12.5% Never or not applicable 45.7% 54.5% 55.6% 1.000 17.8% 1.000 N=3557 N=1794 N=886 N=877 < 0.001 Total number of STDs (excluding HIV et HCV) 0.79 (1.95) 0.43 (1.28) 0.70 (2.05) 1.146 (1.054-1.245)\*\* 1.000 1.62 (2.63) 1.156 (1.063-1.256)\*\* Developing feelings, friendships or emotional < 0.001 1.000 relationships with 1+ partners in the context of N=3563 N=1796 N=887 N=880 paid sex Very often or often 0.9% 0.7% 0.476 (0.105-2.171) 1.533 (0.461-5.098) 0.3% 1.8% Sometimes 1.2% 1.9% 1.1% 0.680 (0.249-1.855) 3.9% 1.568 (0.641-3.834) Rarely 2.7% 2.2% 1.5% 0.524 (0.234-1.175) 5.1% 0.342 (0.156-0.750)\*\* Never or not applicable 94.5% 95.9% 97.1% 1.000 89.2% 1.000 Negative impact of drug use N=3563 N=1796 1.000 N=887 N=880 <0.001 Yes 31.9% 20.8% 0.981 (0.759-1.267) 1.661 (1.247-2.212)\*\* 33.3% 53.2% No 68.1% 79.2% 66.7% 1.000 46.8% 1.000 Barebacking practice N=3563 <0.001 N=1796 N=887 N=880 Exclusively as a couple 0.973 (0.630-1.503) 21.4% 22.6% 24.0% 1.261 (0.925-1.719) 16.3% Non-exclusively 18.1% 14.0% 12.6% 1.105 (0.724-1.687) 32.0% 0.522 (0.302-0.902)\* Only with casual male partners 21.1% 17.3% 17.6% 1.364 (0.914-2.036) 32.6% 0.576 (0.337-0.985)\* No barebacking 39.3% 46.1% 45.8% 1.000 19.1% 1.000 Mean number of known HIV risk reduction N=3550 N=1789 1.000 N=887 N=874 < 0.001 strategies 7.02 (2.67) 6.56 (2.64) 6.76 (2.67) 0.986 (0.943-1.031) 8.23 (2.33) 1.095 (1.033-1.162)\*\* **Hepatitis C** N=3563 N=1796 < 0.001 N=887 N=880 1.000 Yes 3.402 (1.357-8.528)\*\* 2.8% 0.9% 1.5% 8.2% 3.209 (1.403-7.339)\*\* No 97.2% 99.1% 98.5% 1.000 91.8% 1.000 N=3563 <0.001 N=1796 N=887 N=880 Number of casual male partners 1.000 21.37 (41.77) 13.22 (28.14) 15.34 (32.03) 1.003 (0.998-1.007) 44.11 (61.10) 1.005 (1.002-1.009)\*\* Regularly attending sexually charged meeting <0.001 1.000 spaces (outdoor places, saunas, sex clubs, peep N=1796 N=3563 N=887 N=880 shows, swingers clubs) Yes 22.4% 19.9% 1.276 (0.941-1.730) 12.9% 0.760 (0.563-1.025) 37.3% 77.6% 80.1% 87.1% 1.000 62.7% 1.000 Global satisfaction with physical appearance N=3554 N=1794 < 0.001 1.000 N=886 N=874 68.7% 73.7% 1.427 (1.121-1.816)\*\* 1.256 (0.928-1.698) 63.6% 73.9% 31.3% 36.4% 26.3% 26.1% Positive impact of drug use N=3563 N=1796 1.000 N=887 N=880 < 0.001 1.179 (0.954-1.457) Yes 57.4% 49.0% 60.3% 71.6% 1.478 (1.126-1.940)\*\* No 42.6% 39.7% 1.000 28.4% 1.000 51.0% **PrEP use at least 1x in lifetime** N=3563 N=1796 N=887 N=880 < 0.001 Yes 9.7% 4.7% 1.404 (0.921-2.141) 1.710 (1.132-2.583)\* 21.4% 8.0% No 90.3% 95.3% 92.0% 1.000 78.6% 1.000 Index of the number of different locations N=3550 N=1793 < 0.001 N=886 N=871 (school, work, neighborhood, gay community, 1.000 Internet and public space) where discrimination 0.28 (0.77) 0.33 (0.83) 0.20 (0.68) 0.855 (0.731-1.000)\* 0.824 (0.687-0.988)\* 0.26 (0.70) against being overweight was felt <0.001 1.000 Condomless penetration in the context of paid sex N=1796 N=3563 N=887 N=880 Always 2.2% 1.7% 0.5% 0.276 (0.077-0.990)\* 5.1% 0.287 (0.116-0.711)\*\* Often 1.6% 0.9% 0.5% 0.528 (0.121-2.296) 4.1% 0.647 (0.235-1.781) Sometimes 1.6% 1.6% 0.8% 0.552 (0.197-1.542) 2.6% 0.310 (0.122-0.788)\* Rarely 1.5% 0.9% 0.9% 0.800 (0.289-2.213) 3.1% 0.708 (0.266-1.885) Never or not applicable 93.1% 85.1% 1.000 94.9% 97.4% 1.000 Note.  $R^2$ =0.51 (Cox-Snell), 0.58 (Nagelkerke); Model  $\chi^2$  (178)=2091.338, p<0.001. \*p<0.05; \*\*p<0.01; \*\*\*p<0.01. Unless otherwise mentioned, all variables listed above were for the past 12 months for participants. Bold numbers indicate significance at p < 0.05.

Sociodemographic variables not shown but included in multivariate model with forced entry for control purposes: age, gender identity, birth country,

residence in Paris region, residence area, website of origin, university education, profession, relationship status, and sexual orientation.

Freq.: Frequency in percentage (%) of column (group); SD: standard deviation; aOR: adjusted odds ratio; 95%CI: 95% confidence intervals.